## MANUAL

# CS POWER HAMMER & BIT







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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The cs power hammer is a valveless, pneumatically operated tool designed to utilize various diameter bits in rock formations under a wide range of operating conditions.

The cs power hammer design incorporates a hardened wearsleeve.

The simple design the cs power hammer provides performance and dependability without sacrificing tool life.

The cs power hammer is designed to operate efficiently at air pressure between 100psi(7bar) and 350psi(24bar)



#### 2. HAMMER SPECIFICATIONS

#### 2-1. SPECIFICATIONS

#### CS POWER HAMMERS SPECIFICATION

===== STANDARD TYPE =====

MODEL SPECIFICATION	CS-20	CS-30	CS-40	CS-40S (LOW)	CS-50	CS-60	CS-60S (LOW)	CS-80	CS-100	CS-112	CS-320	CS-380	CS-410	CS-530	CS-640	CS-750
(BACKHEAD) CONNECTION	RD50- 6TPI PIN	API 2-3/8" REG PIN	API 2-3/8" REG PIN	API 2-3/8" REG PIN	API 3-1/2" REG PIN	API 3-1/2" REG PIN	API 3-1/2" REG PIN	API 4-1/2" REG PIN	API 6-5/8" REG PIN	API 6-5/8" REG PIN	API 7-5/8" REG	API 8-5/8" REG PIN	API 8-5/8" REG PIN	API 8-5/8" REG PIN	API 8-5/8" REG PIN	API 8-5/8" REG PIN
CHUCK CONNECTION CONFIGURATION	BR2	DHD3.5	DHD340 SD4	DHD340 SD4	DHD350 SD5	DHD360 SD6	DHD360 SD6	DHD380 SD8	N100 SD10	DHD112 A100-15 SD12	OWN MODEL	OWN MODEL	OWN MODEL	OWN MODEL	OWN MODEL	OWN MODEL
AVAILABLE BIT SIZE / mm	70~80	85-127	105-130	105-130	125-152	149-225	149-225	191-311	251-311	301-445	380-480	432-559	457-650	609-838	775-975	838-1092
LENGTH / mm (WITHOUT BIT)	820	IR945 MS978	IR1040 MS1088	IR1020 MS1068	IR1162 MS1162	IR1368 MS1383	IR1184 MS1203	IR1420 MS1390	IR1545 MS1527	IR 1890 MS1895	1961	1850	1998	2050	2384	2273
OUTSIDE DIAMETER / mm	62	78	97	97	117	138	138	180	226	272	320	353	406	530	610	720
CYLINDER BORE / mm	-	58	75	75	91	108	108	148	170	216	266	260	310	410	445	508
PISTON STROKE / mm	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	110	125	150	150	150	127
NET WEIGHT / Kg (WITHOUT BIT)	12	28	40	38	65	108	95	185	335	620	920	1180	1570	2440	6014	5800
GROSS WEIGHT / Kg (W/WOODEN BOX)	15	35	46	44	69	115	103	200	355	640	945	1205	1600	2470	6049	5835

• In line with our policy of continuous product development, the information and specifications in this catalogue are subject to change without notice.

#### 2-2. BIT SPECIFICATION

HAMMER SIZE	BIT SIZE	BIT WEIGHT(Lbs)/(kg)	FACE DESIGN		
CS-20 HAMMER (BR2)	76MM	6.6Lbs / 3kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
03-20 HAWWEIT (BHZ)	80MM	6.6Lbs / 3kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
CS-30 HAMMER	90MM	8.8Lbs / 4kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
(DHD3.5/SD3)	100MM	9.3Lbs / 4.2kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
OS 40 HAMMED	4"	18Lbs / 8.2kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
CS-40 HAMMER (DHD340/SD4)	4-1/2"	22Lbs / 10kg	Flat, Concave, Convex		
(2112010)021)	5"	22.9Lbs / 10.4kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
CS-50 HAMMER	5"	32Lbs / 14.5kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
(DHD350/SD5)	5-1/2"	35.3Lbs / 16kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
	6"	57.27Lbs / 26kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
CS-60 HAMMER	6-1/2"	65.78Lbs / 29.9kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
(DHD360/SD6)	8"	80Lbs / 36.3kg	Flat,Concave,Convex		
	10"	125Lbs / 57kg	Flat,Concave		
	7-7/8"	91Lbs / 41.3kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-80 HAMMER	8"	92.84Lbs / 42.2kg	Flat,Concave		
(DHD380/SD8)	10"	154.66Lbs / 70.3kg	Flat,Concave		
	12"	207.46Lbs / 94.3kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-100 HAMMER	10"	237.6Lbs / 108kg	Flat,Concave		
(N100/SD10)	12"	275Lbs / 125kg	Flat,Concave		
00.440.1144.1155	12"	384Lbs / 174kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-112 HAMMER (DHD112/SD12)	15"	478Lbs / 217kg	Flat,Concave		
(5/15/12/05/2)	17-1/2"	517Lbs / 259kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-320 HAMMER	15"	451Lbs / 205kg	Flat,Concave		
(OWN MODEL)	17-1/2"	781Lbs / 355kg	Flat,Concave		
00.000	17"	640Lbs / 290kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-380 HAMMER (OWN MODEL/SD15)	19"	773Lbs / 350kg	Flat,Concave		
(GWIN INICEDEL/GETG)	21"	909Lbs / 412kg	Flat,Concave		
00.440.1144455	22"	1,345Lbs / 610kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-410 HAMMER (OWN MODEL/SD18)	23"	1,411Lbs / 640kg	Flat,Concave		
(37717 181351213513)	25"	1,543Lbs / 700kg	Flat,Concave		
00.500 !!!!	25"	2,425Lbs / 1,100kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-530 HAMMER (OWN MODEL)	27"	2,601Lbs / 1,180kg	Flat,Concave		
(CTTT WODEL)	30"	2,976Lbs / 1,350kg	Flat,Concave		
00.040.1144445	27"	3,902Lbs / 1,770kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-610 HAMMER (OWN MODEL)	30"	4,696Lbs / 2,130kg	Flat,Concave		
(CVIII WODEL)	32"	5,159Lbs / 2,340kg	Flat,Concave		
00.750.1144455	34"	5,093Lbs / 2,310kg	Flat,Concave		
CS-750 HAMMER (OWN MODEL)	36"	5,401Lbs / 2,450kg	Flat,Concave		
(STIT MODEL)	40"	5,732Lbs / 2,600kg	Flat,Concave		

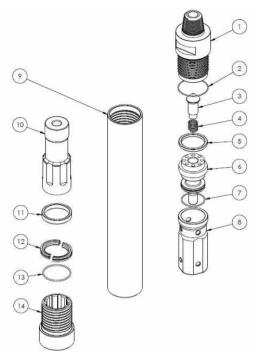
#### 2-3. AIR CONSUMPTION

### AIR CONSUMPTION, AT SEA LEVEL CFM & (M³/min)

\	MODEL	CS-20	CS-30	CS-40	CS-40S (LOW)	CS-50	CS-60	CS-60S (LOW)	CS-80	CS-100	CS-112	CS-320	CS-380	CS-410	CS-530	CS-640	CS-750
	100PSI	70	170	190	195	200	270	300	400	500	600	800	950	1220	1280	1850	2300
	(6.8BAR)	(2.8)	(4.8)	(5.4)	(5.5)	(5.7)	(7.6)	(8.5)	(11.3)	(14.1)	(16.9)	(22.7)	(26.9)	(34.5)	(36.2)	(52.4)	(65.1)
A	150PSI	120	245	265	278	285	385	450	585	750	880	1100	1280	1430	1760	2270	3100
	(10.3BAR)	(3.5)	(6.9)	(7.5)	(7.8)	(8.1)	(10.8)	(12.7)	(16.5)	(21.2)	(24.8)	(31.1)	(36.2)	(40.5)	(49.8)	(64.3)	(87.8)
R CON	200PSI	170	350	365.5	383	400	545	600	840	1050	1100	1700	1850	2120	2540	2900	3500
	(13.8BAR)	(4.8)	(9.8)	(10.3)	(10.3)	(11.3)	(15.3)	(17.0)	(23.7)	(29.7)	(31.1)	(48.1)	(52.4)	(60.0)	(71.9)	(82.1)	(99.1)
NSUMT-	250PSI	220	485	485	509	520	715	795	890	1200	1450	2040	2320	2544	3048	3480	4200
	(17.2BAR)	(6.5)	(13.7)	(13.7)	(14.1)	(14.7)	(20.2)	(22.5)	(25.2)	(34.0)	(41.1)	(57.8)	(65.7)	(72.0)	(76.3)	(98.5)	(118.9)
ON	300PSI	270	582	600	630	645	865	940	1085	1600	1880	2448	2668	3053	3505	4002	5040
	(20.7BAR)	(7.6)	(16.5)	(16.9)	(17.5)	(18.3)	(24.5)	(26.7)	(30.7)	(45.3)	(53.2)	(69.3)	(75.5)	(86.4)	(99.3)	(113.3)	(142.7)
	350PSI	320	669	700	735	770	924	1030	1520	1800	2068	2693	3068	3663	4031	4602	6048
	(24.1BAR)	(8.8)	(19)	(19.8)	(20.5)	(21.7)	(26.2)	(29.3)	(43.0)	(51.0)	(58.6)	(76.3)	(86.9)	(103.7)	(114.1)	(130.3)	(171.3)

#### 3. HAMMER COMPONENTS & PART LIST

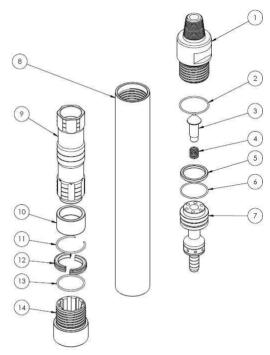
#### 3-1. CS STANDARD TYPE HAMMER



1	BACKHEAD
2	BACKHEAD O-RING
3	CHECK VALVE
4	CHECK VALVE SPRING
5	BUFFER RING
6	AIR DISTRIBUTOR
7	AIR DISTRIBUTOR O-RING
8	CYLINDER
9	WEARSLEEVE
10	PISTON
11	PISTON STOP RING
12	BIT RETAINING RING
13	BIT RETAINING RING O-RING
14	CHUCK

- \* There is a washer between part No.9 and No.1 and No.14 from the CS-100 Hammer model.
- \* Only the CS-60 IR Hammer model has a spacer

#### 3-2. CS-60S IR/MS HAMMER



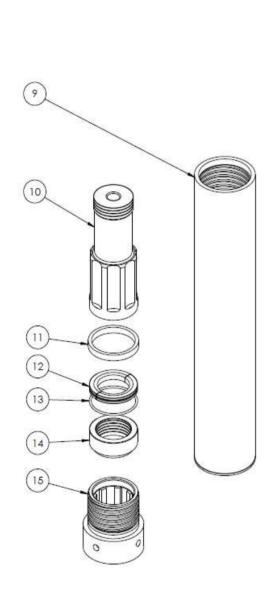
1	BACKHEAD
2	BACKHEAD O-RING
3	CHECK VALVE
4	CHECK VALVE SPRING
5	BUFFER RING
6	AIR DISTRIBUTOR O-RING
7	AIR DISTRIBUTOR
8	WEARSLEEVE
9	PISTON
10	SPACER
11	SPACER STOP RING
12	BIT RETAINING RING
13	BIT RETAINING RING O-RING
14	CHUCK

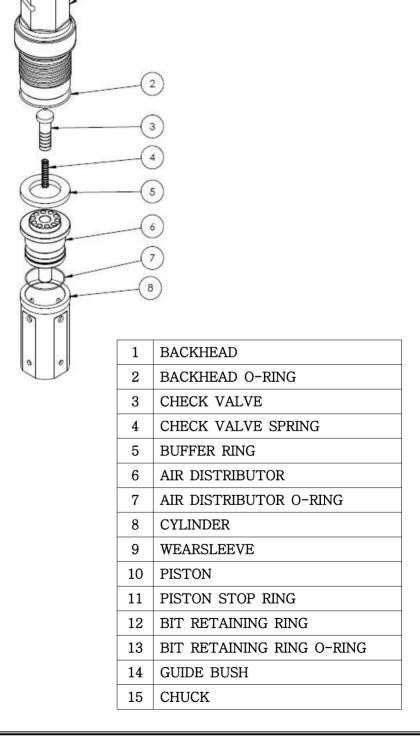
\* Only the CS-60S IR Hammer model has a spacer and a spacer stop ring.



and a stop ring between part No.11 and 12.

#### 3-3. CS POWER HAMMER BIG HOLE SIZE





#### 3-4. HAMMER COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### 1. BACKHEAD



The backhead connects the hammer to the drill rod. It is threaded into the top end of the wearsleeve with a large cross section thread form and into the drill rod with a standard REG. API thread. Other threads are available upon request.

#### 2. CHECK VALVE



The check valve maintains pressure in the hammer when the air supply has been shut off. The pressure in the hammer balances the hydrostatic pressure in the hole thereby preventing contaminants from entering the hammer.

#### 3. CHECK VALVE SPRING



The check valve spring provides tension under the check valve to keep it closed. It is compressed as the air is turned on.

#### 4. AIR DISTRIBUTOR



The air distributor locating on the top of cylinder and guides the check valve and the check valve spring.

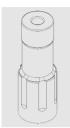
The air distributor plays a role for hammering and flushing with distributing air from the check valve into the cylinder & piston.

#### 5. CYLINDER



The cylinder is cylinder shaped inside wearsleeve, structures air flow for cycling of piston, with complex holes at upper & lower part.

#### 6. PISTON



The piston functions as the only moving part in the hammer, controlling the operational air cycle. The percussive action of the piston striking the bit transfers the energy through the bit in order to fracture rock formation.

#### 7. WEARSLEEVE



The wearsleeve is designed to contain the internal parts which make up the hammer assembly. The wearsleeve is hardened to extend life in abrasive conditions.

#### 8. PISTON STOP RING



The piston stop ring is a hardened steel ring installed in the chuck end of the wearsleeve. The piston stop ring is prevents the piston from falling out when the chuck , the bit retaining rings and the bit are removed.

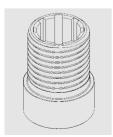
#### 9. BIT RETAINING RING



The bit retaining ring are designed to allow the bit to move between the drilling and cleaning positions and prevent the bit from coming completely out of the hammer.

The bit retaining ring consist of two matched halves and are held together with an "O" ring.

#### 10. CHUCK



The chuck threads into the bottom of the wearsleeve with a large cross section thread form. It has internal splines that mesh with the splines on the bit body to transmit rotation.

#### 3-5. ASSEMBLY

#### **A** NOTICE

- Assembly should be performed in a clean environment.
- All parts should be cleaned thoroughly and wiped dry before assembly.
- Oil all parts by hand using Rock Drill Oil to insure easy assembly.
- Coat all thread connections with a thread compound to allow joints to screw freely.
- 1. Stand the wearsleeve on the floor, chuck end upwards.
- 2. Insert the piston stop ring into the bore of wearsleeve. piston stop ring is positioned in the correct grooves for the particular chuck conversion.
- 3. Coat the piston with rock drill oil and slide it into the backhead end of the wearsleeve. (ensure the piston striking face enters first.)
- 4. assemble air distributor and cylinder then push the assembly into the backhead end of the wearsleeve.
- 5. Slide the buffer ring on to the air distributor
- 6. Insert the spring into the check valve, and then slide the assembly into the air distributor upper bore. push the whole assembly down onto the buffer ring.
- 7. Fit a "o" ring to the backhead and coat the threads in copper based thread grease. Screw the backhead into the wearsleeve until it is hand tight
- 8. Place the bit retaining ring "o" ring around the bit retaining ring and place in the chuck end of wearsleeve.
- 9. Thread the chuck into the wearsleeve and hand tighten.

#### **A WARNING**

- Mind your fingers!
- Carelessness can result in serious injury.



#### 4. MAINTENANCE

#### 4-1. DISASSEMBLY

- If at all possible, the backhead and chuck should be broken loose on the drill rig; this is much easier than trying to do so after the drill has been removed from the drill rig.
- Maintenance should be performed in a clean environment.
- Tools needed: overhead crane, hammer stand, chain vise, brass rod, snap ring pliers, press, a drift pin and a small screwdriver.
- Clean the outside of the hammer. This will insure a good surface to clamp on.
- Using an overhead crane, place the hammer horizontally on a hammer stand and secure the hammer with a chain vise. Place the chain vise on the area of the wearsleeve where the piston stop ring is housed when working on the chuck end of the hammer. When working on the backhead end of the hammer, place the chain vise on the area of the wearsleeve where the check valve housing is housed.
- Unscrew and remove the backhead from the wearsleeve. Remove the backhead "o"ring from the backhead.
- Remove the check valve, the check valve spring from the backhead end of the wearsleeve.
- Remove the buffer ring from the top of the air distributor.
- Unscrew and remove the chuck, bit and the bit retaining rings from the wearsleeve.
- Remove the bit retaining rings "o"ring from the bit retaining rings.
- Using a brass rod, slide the piston against the air distributor and push the cylinder out the backhead end of the wearsleeve.
- Slide the piston out the backhead end of the wearsleeve.
- Removal of the spacer and piston stop ring is not necessary for routine maintenance. If necessary, use a press, apply pressure to the brass rod and force the piston stop ring press plate and the piston stop ring out of the chuck end of the wearsleeve.



#### 4-2. INSPECTION

- All parts should be washed in a cleaning solvent before they are inspected and reassembled.
- Handle all part carefully, hardened parts may chip if dropped on a hard surface.

#### **BACKHEAD**

- Inspect the threads for cracks and burrs.
- Remove all burrs on the thread area with a fine file.
- Replace if necessary.

#### **CHECK VALVE**

- The check valve should be smooth and free from abrasions.
- Replace if necessary.
- Replace the check valve spring if it is worn or broken.

#### AIR DISTRIBUTOR

- Inspect the outside diameter for nick, burrs and scoring.
- Inspect all make up surfaces for indentations or nicks caused by wear.
- Remove all minor irregularities with emery cloth.
- Replace if necessary.

#### **PISTON**

- Inspect the striking face, inside and outside diameters for nicks, scoring and cracks.
- Polish the piston with emery cloth to remove all minor irregularities, cracked pistons should be replaced.
- Wash the piston throughly, inside and out, to remove all emery dust.

#### **WEAR SLEEVE**

- Inspect the outside diameter for excessive wear or cracks. Inspect the internal case bore for scoring.
- Remove all minor irregularities with fine honing stones.

#### **CHUCK**

- Inspect for cracks and burrs.
- For continued use, the outside diameter should be larger than the outside of the ware sleeve or the same.
- Replace if necessary.

#### "O" RINGS

- Inspect for damage such as cracks and deformations.
- Replace if necessary.



#### 4-3. LUBRICATION

Inadequate supply of the correct type of oil is a major contributor to excessive component wear and consequently, a rapid fall off in performance.

An air line lubrication should be installed, preferably on the drill rig. This should be of sufficient capacity to supply the required volume of oil for a full shift.

The lubrication must be adjustable and set to ensure the correct flow of oil required by the hammer.

The amount of lubricating oil will vary the operating pressure and volume of air used by the hammer. As a general guide, any CS POWER hammer will require 1/3 rd of a pint per hour 100 CFM through the hammer (0.07 ltr per 1.0 M³/min) per hour.

When drilling with foam or water, the amount of lubricating oil should be increased by 50%.

When new drilltubes are put into use, it is recommended that 1/2 a pint of oil (0.25 ltrs) be poured into each new tube to give them a good coating of oil and to prevent the hammer from running dry at any time.

Ambient temperatures will determine the grade of Rock Drill oil to be used. Should the ambient temperature be between 225-325°F, use a 30 grade oil. When the ambient temperature is over 325°F, use a 50 grade oil.

A selection of recommended Rock Drill oils suitable for CS POWER hammers is given below.



DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE °F	BELOW 225° F	225-325° F	OVER 325° F		
MAKER	GRADE 10	GRADE 30	GRADE 50		
MOBIL	ALMO #1	ALMO #3	ALMO #5		
GULF		ROCK DRILL 63			
SHELL	TONNA R OIL 27	41	72		
TEXACO	1541 EPM	1542 EPM	1543 EPM		

#### 4-4. STORAGE

When storing a CS POWER Hammer it is important to take the necessary steps in order to insure a smooth operation after restarting.

When the hole is completed and the hammer is to be inactive for several weeks or longer the following steps should be followed. Each drill rod should be blown clear of all water. During this process, turn on the in line lubricator and blow until the rock drill oil can be seen from the bottom end of each drill rod. In addition, each rod (pin and box end) should be wiped clean and capped to prevent foreign contaminants from sticking to the connector end.

#### **■ SHORT TERM STORAGE**

When the CS POWER hammers will be stored for only a short period of time the following steps should be taken:

- Blow the hammer clear of all water.
- Pour 1 quart (1 liter) of rock drill oil into the backhead.
- Turn the air on and cycle for 10 seconds. This will lubricate the internal parts.
- Cap the backhead and chuck end.
- Store the hammer horizontally in a dry environment.

#### **I** LONG TERM STORAGE

When the CS POWER hammers will be stored for a long period of time the following steps should be taken:

- Blow the hammer clear of all water.
- It at all possible, the backhead and chuck should be broken loose on the drill rig, this is much easier than trying to do so in the shop.
- Disassemble the hammer.
- Inspect and wipe all the parts clean.
- Lubricate all the internal parts with rock drill oil.
- Cap the backhead and chuck ends.
- Store the hammer horizontally in the dry environment.



#### **■ RESTARTING**

Before restarting the hammer after prolonged of inactivity, disassemble and inspect all internal hammer parts. If any internal hammer parts have oxidized, use an emery cloth to polish each part.

Wash each hammer part, wipe dry, relubricate with rock drill oil and reassemble the hammer.

#### **A CAUTION**

 Failure to check internal parts before restarting the hammer May cause serious damage to the hammer.

#### 5. SERVICE

#### 5-1. TROUBLE SHOOTING

This trouble-shooting guide has been prepared to aid the operator to locate the probable cause and then remedy when trouble has occurred. If trouble has been caused, obtain details as following check points and contact your local service shop or distributor.

Check point



Fault	Cause	Remedy				
	Drill bit blow holes blocked	Unlock holes				
	Dirt inside drill	Strip and clean drill				
	Worn or damaged parts	Replace damaged parts				
Inoperative Drill	Insufficient lubrication	Check oil level Adjust lube needle valve				
moperative Dim	Excessive lubrication	Adjust lube needle valve				
	Hanging piston	Piston struck Emery out the score Marks				
	Insufficient air pressure	Check compressor discharge and increase to operational valve				
	Insufficient air pressure	Increase discharge pressure				
	Dull drilling bit	Regrind or change bit				
Slow penetration	Worn drill parts	Replace worn parts				
clow period addin	Too much or too little lubrication	Check oil level and if necessar adjust lube needle valve				
	Dirt in drill	Strip and clean				
	Low air pressure	Increase air pressure				
Low return air velocity	Insufficient hole	Install large orifice				
	Drill bit exhaust holes blocked	Clean out blockage				
	Failed or damaged parts	Overhaul drill				
Spasmodic operation	Lack of oil	Check lubricator				
Spasmodic operation	Drill bit broken	Replace bit				
	Dirt in drill	Strip and clean				

#### 5-2. LIMITED WARRANTY

CS POWER HAMMER AND BIT warrants that the product will be new and free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use as contemplated by this contract for a period of three months from the date of delivery.

Except for the foregoing warranty, cs power hammer and bit disclaims all warranties and representations wherever made, including, warranties of merchant ability and fitness for a particular purpose.

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